intent of producing commercial seed as its primary intended use;

- (2) There is no possibility of other commercial uses of production from the same crop without regard to market conditions; and
- (3) The growing period of the specific crop acreage is uniquely conducive to the production of commercial seed and not conducive to the production of any other intended use of the crop, (e.g. vernalization in a biennial crop such as carrots and onions) and that accommodation renders the possibility of production for any other intended use of the crop improbable.

§1437.13 Multiple benefits.

- (a) If a producer is eligible to receive payments under this part and benefits under any other program administered by the Secretary for the same crop loss, the producer must choose whether to receive the other program benefits or payments under this part, but shall not be eligible for both. The limitation on multiple benefits prohibits a producer from being compensated more than once for the same loss.
- (b) The limitation on multiple benefits in paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply in any respect to Emergency Loans under subtitle C of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1961 et seg).
- (c) The restriction on multiple benefits does not relieve the producer from the requirements of making a production and acreage report.
- (d) If the other USDA program benefits are not available until after an application for benefits has been filed under this part, the producer may, to avoid this restriction on such other benefits, refund the total amount of the payment to the administrative FSA office from which the payment was received.

§ 1437.14 Payment and income limitations.

- (a) NAP payments shall not be made in excess of \$100,000 per person per crop year under this part.
- (b) NAP payments shall not be made to a person who has qualifying gross revenues in excess of \$2 million for the most recent tax year preceding the

year for which assistance is requested. Qualifying gross revenue means:

- (1) With respect to a person who receives more than 50 percent of such person's gross income from farming, ranching, and forestry operations, the annual gross income for the taxable year from such operations; and
- (2) With respect to a person who receives 50 percent or less of such person's gross income from farming, ranching, and forestry operations, the person's total gross income for the taxable year from all sources.
- (c) CCC will pay, for up to one year, simple interest on payments to producers which are delayed. Interest will be paid on the net amount ultimately found to be due, and will begin accruing on the 31st day after the date the producer signs, dates, and submits a properly completed application for payment on the designated form, or the 31st day after a disputed application is adjudicated. Interest will be paid unless the reason for failure to timely pay is due to the producer's failure to provide information or other material necessary for the computation of payment, or there was a genuine dispute concerning eligibility for payment.
- (d) Rules set out in 7 CFR part 1400 shall apply in implementing the restrictions of this section.

§ 1437.15 Miscellaneous provisions.

- (a) To be eligible for benefits under this part, producers must be in compliance with the highly erodible land and wetlands provisions of part 12 of this title.
- (b) The provisions of §718.11 of this title, providing for ineligibility for benefits for offenses involving controlled substances, shall apply.
- (c) A person shall be ineligible to receive assistance under this part for the crop year plus two subsequent crop years if it is determined by the State or county committee or an official of FSA that such person has:
- (1) Adopted any scheme or other device that tends to defeat the purpose of a program operated under this part;
- (2) Made any fraudulent representation with respect to such program; or
- (3) Misrepresented any fact affecting a program determination.